

Stream Restoration Design and Environmental Benefit

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Source of Photos: Underwood & Associates



Conveyance Channel



Well connected, but no water storage on the landscape

Make Opportunities for Storage



Integrated Stream and Wetland



Set weirs to retain water on landscape

Tributary to Rock Creek Washington, DC

February 2011

~10 ft Incised

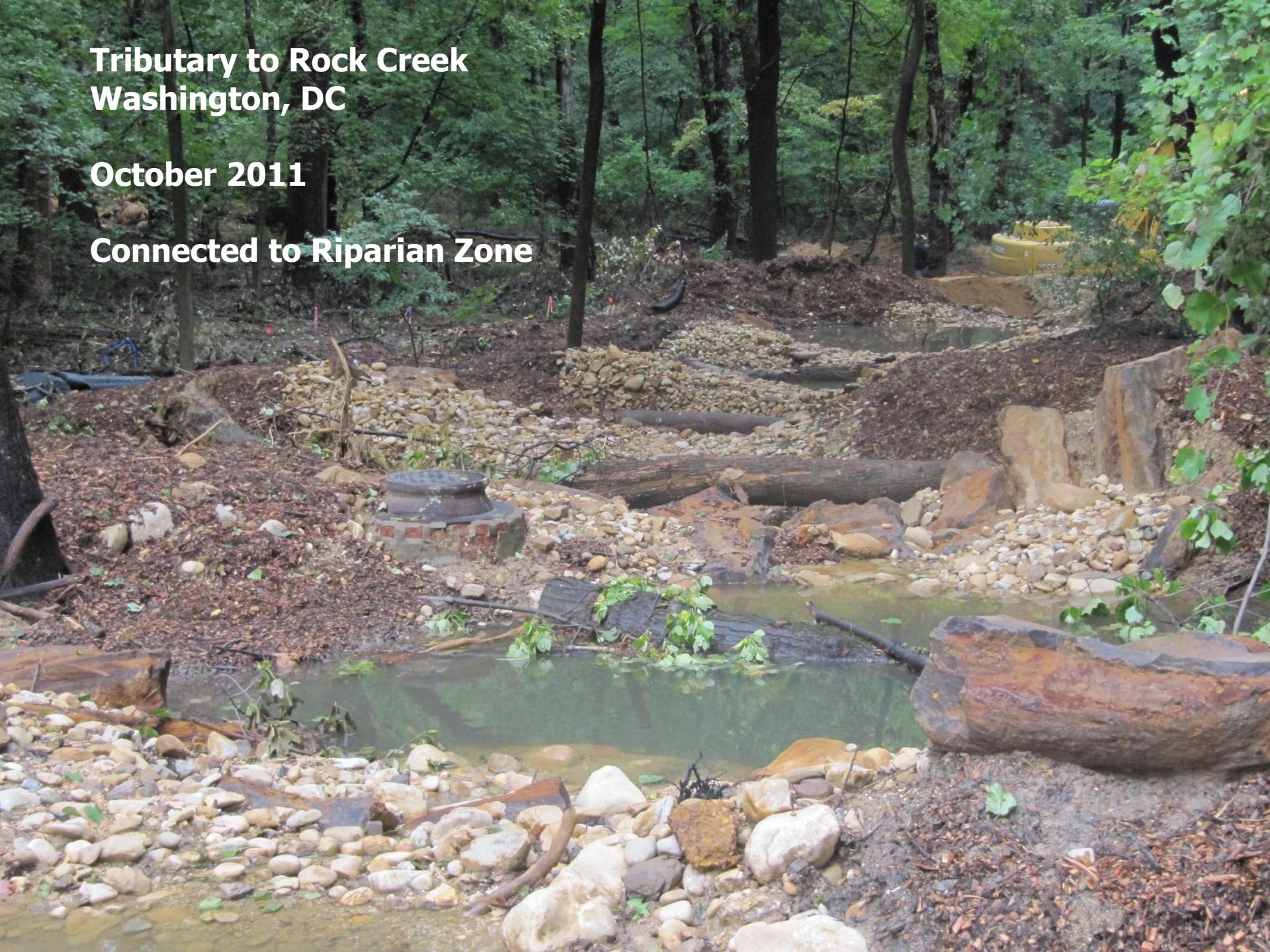
What is the Stream Design Solution?



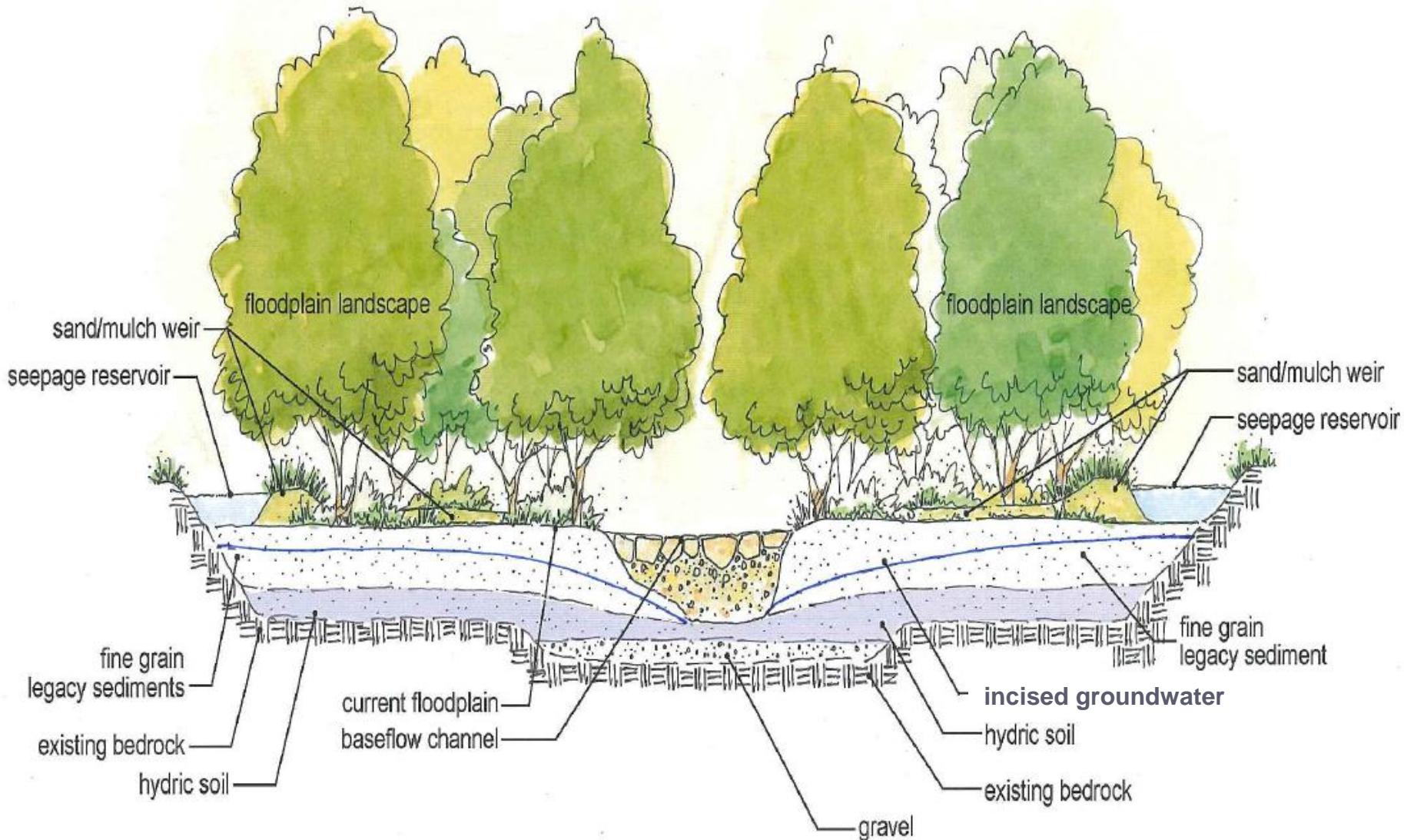
**Tributary to Rock Creek
Washington, DC**

October 2011

Connected to Riparian Zone



Groundwater Restoration



Reconnect Stream ~ PB~1



Raising groundwater elevation to near top
of bank would store
8.5 ac-ft of water

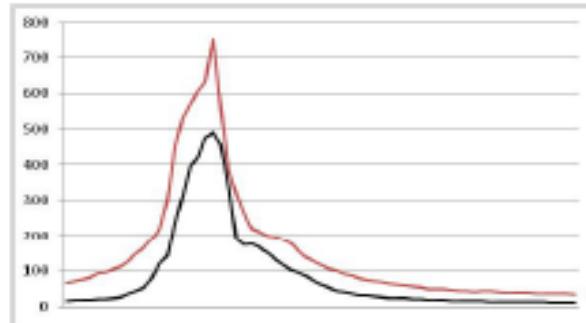
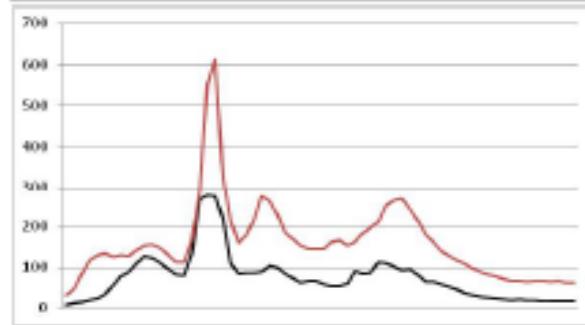
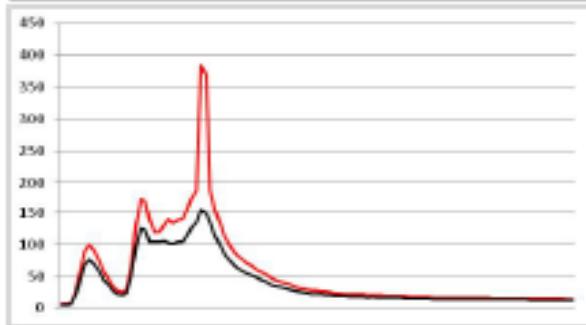
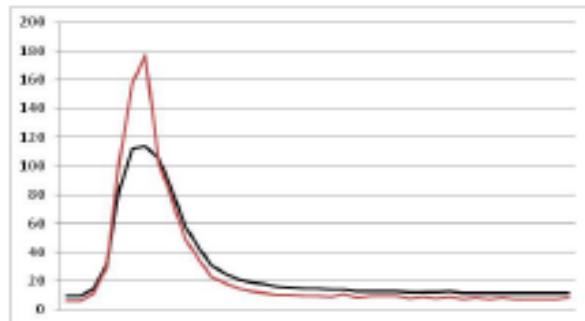
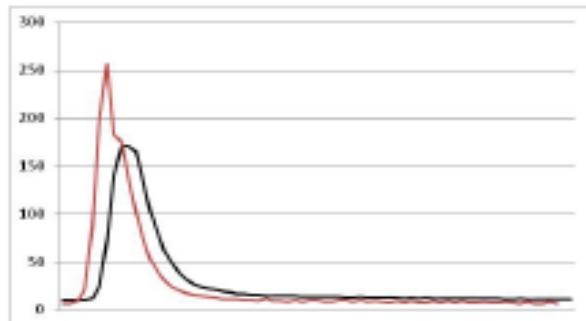
Estimated to extend baseflow by 19 days

Significant benefits to
Stream hydrograph, shears, instream-
habitat, adjacent wetland hydrology, etc.



Hydrographs during individual storms HOWARD'S BRANCH

Discharge (L/s)



— upstream
— downstream

Source: Solange Filoso, University of Maryland

Howard's Branch

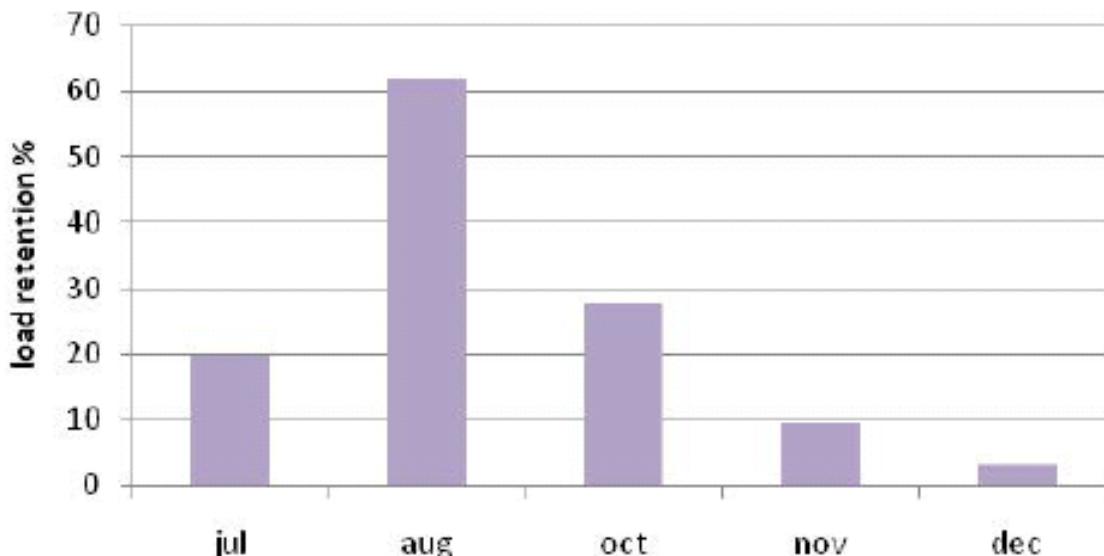


Figure 32. Percent load reduction of TN in the restored reach of Howard's Branch during five different storm events.

Howard's Branch

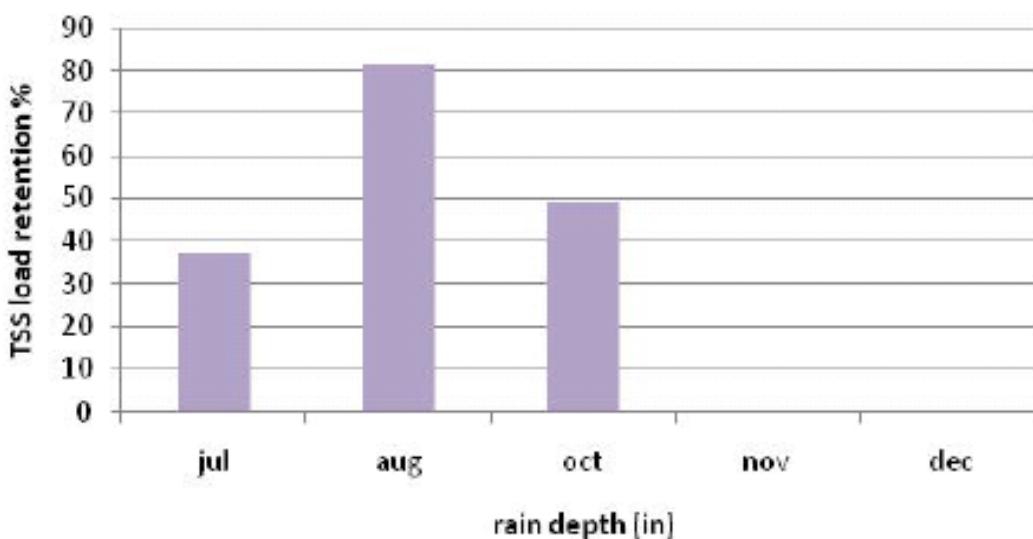


Figure 34. Percent load reduction of TSS in the restored reach of Howard's Branch during five different storm events.



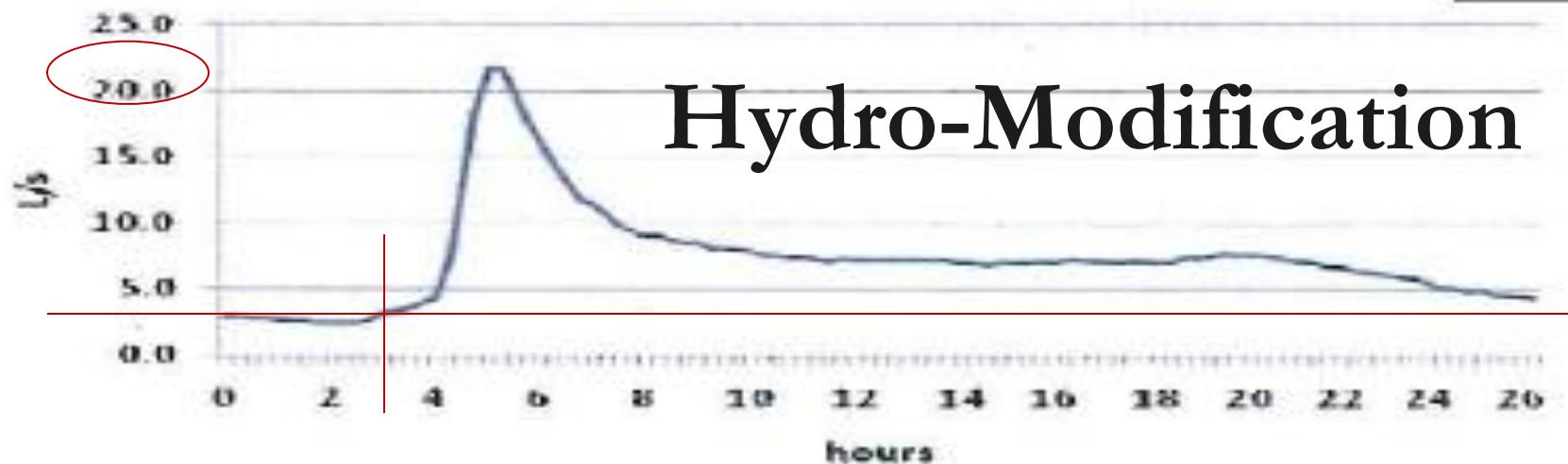
Wilelinor





Wilelinor Stream (WIL)

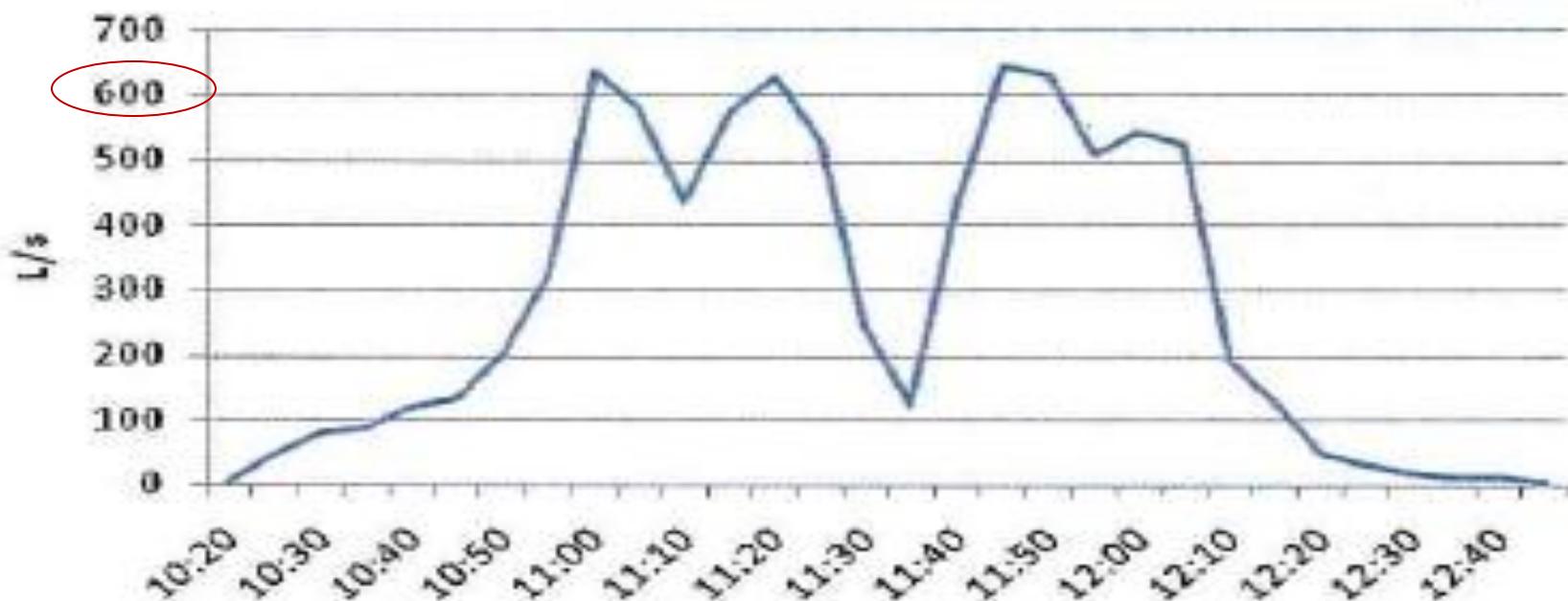
A



Hydro-Modification

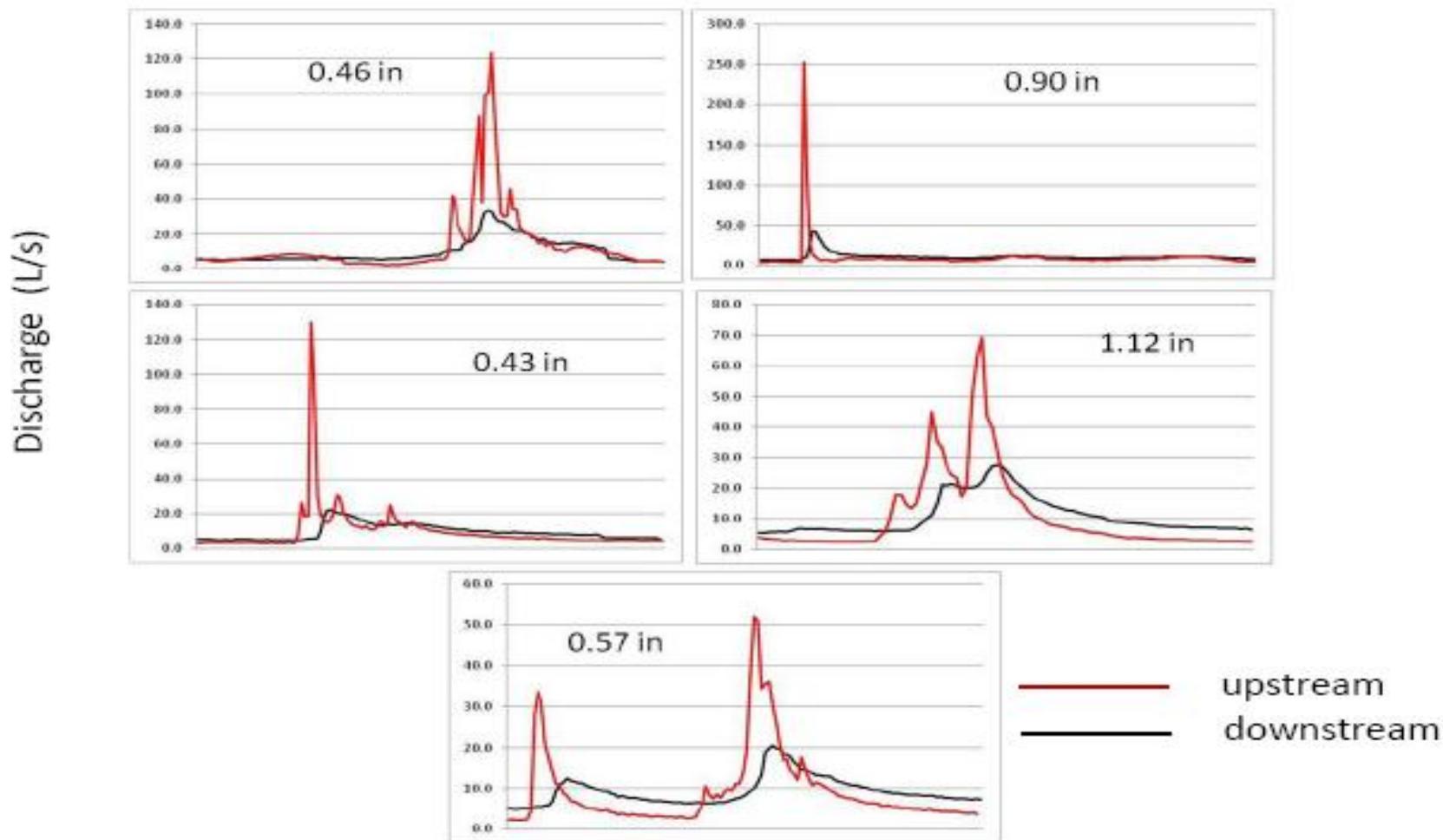
Upstream of restoration - WIL

B



Source: Palmer and Filoso, 2009

Hydrographs during individual storms WILELINOR

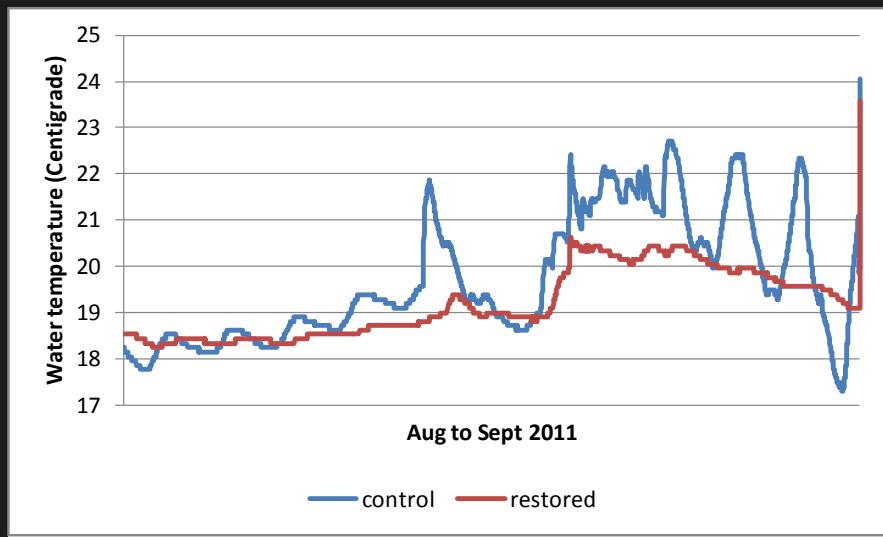
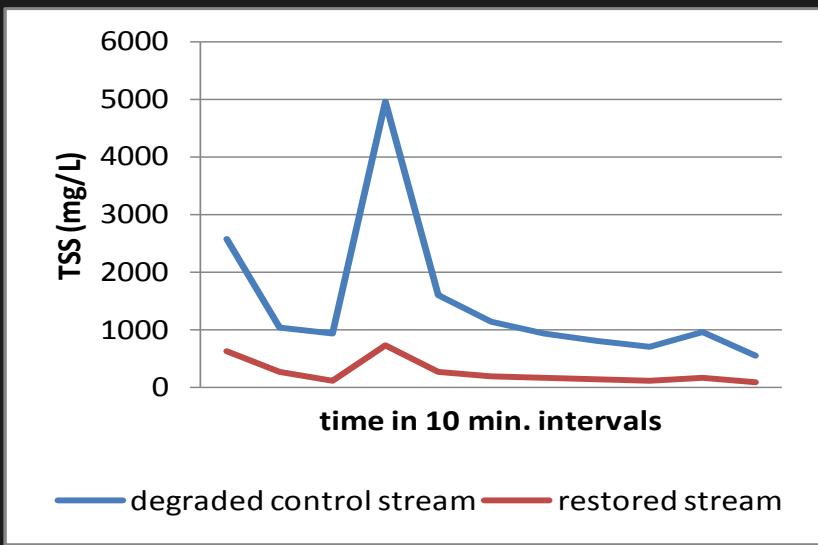
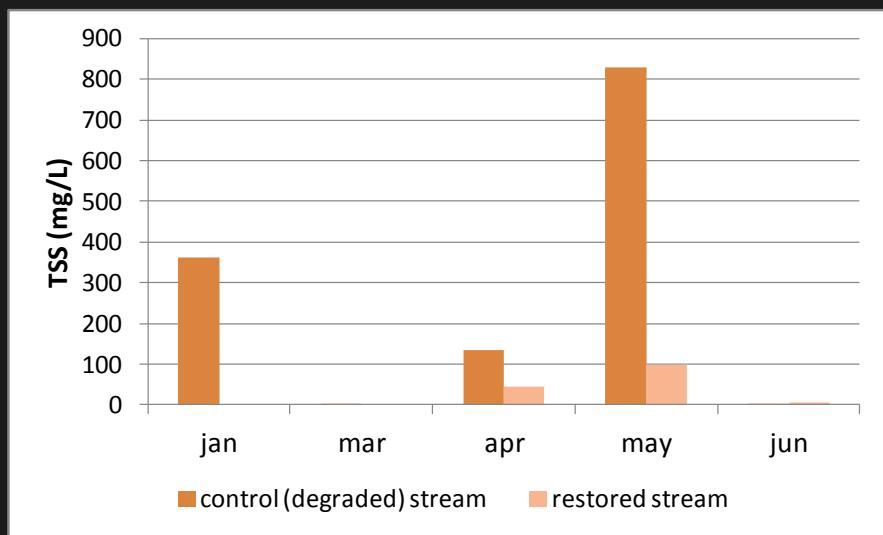
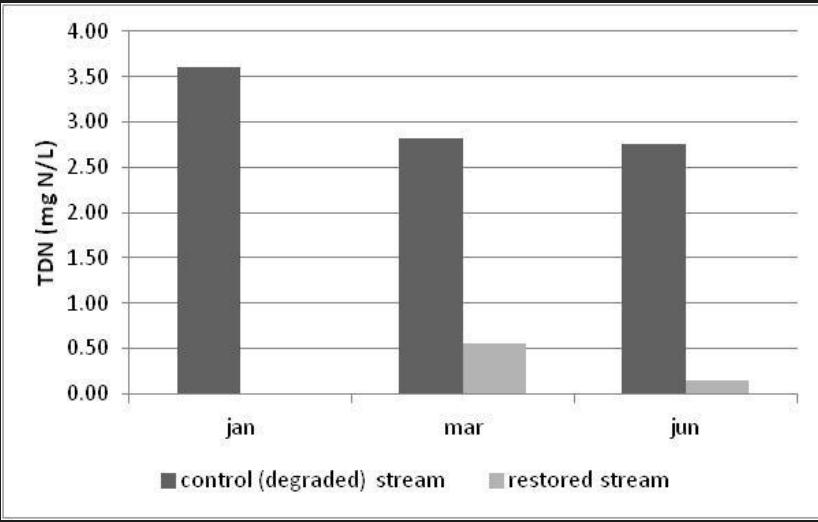


Source: Solange Filoso, University of Maryland

Carriage Hils







Carriage Hills,

Source: Solange Filoso, University of Maryland Center for Environmental Science, Chesapeake Biological Laboratory

Discussion?

